## Amendments to the Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A customer premises communication hub comprising:

a silence suppression block configured to compute a silence suppression gain in response to an incoming call request, wherein the silence suppression gain is varies based on the silence suppression realized for the incoming call and a number of currently active calls;

a call admission block configured to control access to a communication network based on the silence suppression gain for the incoming call request; and

a control system configured to determine a call type of the incoming call and control the silence suppression block and the call admission block.

- (Previously Presented) The communication hub of claim 1 further comprising:
   an interface system configured to receive the incoming call request and exchange call
- an interface system configured to receive the incoming can request and exchange of traffic with the communication network over a communication path.
- 3. (Original) The communication hub of claim 1 wherein the call type comprises: one of a voice call and a voice-band data call.
- 4. (Original) The communication hub of claim 3 wherein the silence suppression block is configured to compute the silence suppression gain based on a number of currently active voice calls.
- 5. (Original) The communication hub of claim 4 wherein the silence suppression block is further configured to compute the silence suppression gain based on a mean talkspurt duration.
- 6. (Original) The communication hub of claim 4 wherein the silence suppression block is further configured to compute the silence suppression gain based on a mean silence duration.
- 7. (Original) The communication hub of claim 4 wherein the silence suppression block is further configured to compute the silence suppression gain based on a packetization time.

- 8. (Original) The communication hub of claim 4 wherein the silence suppression block is further configured to compute the silence suppression gain based on a number of superposed voice calls.
- 9. (Original) The communication hub of claim 4 wherein the silence suppression block is further configured to compute the silence suppression gain based on an activity factor.
- 10. (Original) The communication hub of claim 4 wherein the silence suppression block is further configured to compute the silence suppression gain based on a silence factor.
- 11. (Original) The communication hub of claim 4 wherein the call admission block is further configured to compute an effective bandwidth for the number of currently active voice calls, a number of currently active voice-band data calls, and the incoming call based on the silence suppression gain.
- 12. (Original) The communication hub of claim 11 wherein the call admission block is further configured to deny access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is greater than a provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.
- 13. (Original) The communication hub of claim 12 wherein the call admission block is further configured to grant access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is less than the provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.
- 14. (Original) The communication hub of claim 12 wherein the call admission block is further configured to grant access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is equal to the provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.
- 15-16. (Cancelled)

17. (Currently Amended) A method of operating a customer premises communication hub, the method comprising:

receiving an incoming call request;

determining a call type of the incoming call request;

computing a silence suppression gain, wherein the silence suppression gain is varies based on the silence suppression realized for the incoming call and a number of currently active calls; and

controlling access to a communication network based on the silence suppression gain for the incoming call request.

- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising:

  exchanging call traffic with the communication network over a communication path.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein determining the call type comprises: determining if the incoming call request is a voice call request.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein determining the call type comprises: determining if the incoming call request is a voice-band data call request.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising: computing the silence suppression gain based on a number of currently active voice calls.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising: computing the silence suppression gain based on a mean talkspurt duration.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising: computing the silence suppression gain based on a mean silence duration.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising: computing the silence suppression gain based on a packetization time.

- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising: computing the silence suppression gain based on an activity factor.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising: computing the silence suppression gain based on a silence factor.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17 further comprising: computing the silence suppression gain based on a number of superposed voice calls.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21 further comprising:

  computing an effective bandwidth for the number of currently active voice calls, a

  number of currently active voice-band data calls, and the incoming call request based on the
  silence suppression gain.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein controlling access to the communication network comprises:

denying access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is greater than a provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.

30. (Original) The method of claim 29 wherein controlling access to the communication network comprises:

granting access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is less than the provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.

31. (Original) The method of claim 29 wherein controlling access to the communication network comprises:

granting access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is equal to the provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.

32-33. (Cancelled)

34. (Currently Amended) A software product for a customer premises communication hub, the software product comprising:

communication software operational when executed by a processor to direct the processor to compute a silence suppression gain in response to an incoming call request, wherein the silence suppression gain is varies based on the silence suppression realized for the incoming call and a number of currently active calls, and control access to a communication network based on the silence suppression gain for the incoming call request; and

a software storage medium operational to store the communication software.

35. (Previously Presented) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

receive the incoming call request and exchange call traffic with the communication network over a communication path.

36. (Original) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

compute the silence suppression gain based on a number of currently active voice calls.

37. (Original) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

compute the silence suppression gain based on a mean talkspurt duration.

38. (Original) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

compute the silence suppression gain based on a mean silence duration.

- 39. (Original) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:
  - compute the silence suppression gain based on a packetization time.
- 40. (Original) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

compute the silence suppression gain based on a number of superposed voice calls.

- 41. (Original) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:
  - compute the silence suppression gain based on an activity factor.
- 42. (Original) The software product of claim 34 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

compute the silence suppression gain based on a silence factor.

43. (Original) The software product of claim 36 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

compute an effective bandwidth for the number of currently active voice calls, a number of currently active voice-band data calls, and the incoming call based on the silence suppression gain.

44. (Original) The software product of claim 43 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

deny access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is greater than a provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.

45. (Original) The software product of claim 44 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

grant access to the communication network if the effective bandwidth is less than the provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.

46. (Original) The software product of claim 44 wherein the communication software is operational when executed by the processor to direct the processor to:

grant access to the communication network if the required bandwidth is equal to the provisioned bandwidth for the communication path.

47-48. (Cancelled)